

Latest Version: 6.0

Question: 1

A data source contains metadata, which describes the content of the data fields. How can the metadata for specific fields be shared with other data architects within Qlik View?

Response:

- A. Add metadata as a data column
- B. Add metadata as a data row
- C. Add metadata by using the Comment command
- D. Add metadata to a text-based .meta file

Answer: C

Question: 2

Which two additional features will QlikView Publisher provide that are NOT available in Qlik View Enterprise Server?

(Select two.)

Response:

- A. Clustering multiple QlikView servers for scalability
- B. Scheduling, monitoring, and managing complex dependencies for reloads
- C. Loop and Reduce functionality from the same template with different datasets
- D. Full third-party LDAP connectivity through the QlikView Document Metadata Service
- E. Publishing a reloaded document to a specified folder location

Answer: C,E

Question: 3

A customer needs a single sign-on QlikView application with field level security. Which fields should be created in the Section Access table?

Response:

- A. ACCESS, USERNAME, OMITFIELD
- B. ACCESS, NTNAME, OMIT
- C. ACCESS, NTNAME, OMITFIELD
- D. ACCESS, USERID, OMIT

Answer: B

Question: 4

A data architect who works on a 64-bit PC needs to set up a 32-bit OLE DB connection. The data architect needs to communicate to Qlik View which DB connector needs to be used. Which step should the data architect perform?

Response:

- A. Select OLE DB 32-bit from the drop-down list
- B. Select 32-bit connector from the drop-down list
- C. Check Force 32-bit
- D. Let Qlik View automatically choose the correct connector

Answer: C

Question: 5

A customer has data for a variety of sales teams. Each sales team should only be able to view its own data. How should a data architect set up Section Access to meet this requirement?

Response:

- A. Link the NTNAME to the Sales Team field in the initial data reduction
- B. Create a single USERID for each team and link USERID to the SalesTeam field in the initial data selection
- C. Link the NTNAME field to the Sales Team field in the initial data selection
- D. Create a single USERNAME for each team and link USERNAME to the SalesTeam field in the initial data reduction

Answer: A

Question: 6

A data architect creates an application for a hospital, which admits patients for various procedures. The hospital managers want to see the relationship between the patient's duration of stay and the total payment.

Which object should the data architect use?

Response:

- A. A treemap using Patient Name and Duration of Stay as the dimensions, and Total Payment as the measure
- B. A scatter chart with Patient Name as the dimension, and Duration of Stay and Total Payment as the measures

- C. A line chart with Patient Name as the dimension, and Duration of Stay and Total Payment as the measures
- D. A bar chart with Patient Name as the dimension, and Duration of Stay and Total Payment as the measures

Answer: B

Question: 7

A data architect analyzes daily transaction data and wants to reduce the current reload time with the following requirements:

- The application must show five years of data including the current year
- The data is loaded from yearly QVDs except for the current year
- The current year data is obtained directly from the database s

Which two options can reduce the reload time?

(Select two.)

Response:

- A. Load all data directly from the database
- B. Reduce the granularity of the data
- C. Load a smaller period of data directly from the database
- D. Reduce the number of rows loaded into the application
- E. Remove columns from the data model that are NOT required

Answer: C,E

Question: 8

A sales manager wants a bar chart showing a distribution of the deals displayed in \$250 intervals of the profit margin. Which dimension and expression should a data architect use?

Response:

- A. Dimension: =class (Margin, 250, 'Margin')
Expression: =Count (DISTINCT OrderID)
- B. Dimension: =class (OrderID, 250, 'Margin')
Expression: =Count (DISTINCT OrderID)
- C. Dimension: =Aggr (Sum (Margin) ,OrderID))
Expression: =Count (DISTINCT OrderID)
- D. Dimension: =OrderID
Expression: =Class (Margin, 250, 'Margin')

Answer: A

Question: 9

Financial managers need to analyze their monthly data on the first day of the following month. However, NOT all of the transactions are entered into the source system on time.

When the managers look at the data later in the month, the results no longer match data from the first of the month. The managers need to be able see both views of the data.

Which two data modeling techniques can be used to meet the requirements?

(Select two.)

Response:

- A. Use a bookmark to show the view of the first day of the month
- B. Create a QVD to show a snapshot of the data from the first of the month
- C. Load only the late transactions in another application
- D. Create a second application that only loads on the first day of every month
- E. Create a field to identify the on time and late transactions

Answer: B,E

Question: 10

A business user reports a summary dashboard sheet takes a long time to load. Other sheets perform well. Which should be the first step for a data architect to identify the source of the problem?

Response:

- A. Review the settings for each object in the summary dashboard sheet to identify complex calculations
- B. Review the Sheet Properties > Objects tab to identify the calculation time and memory use of each object
- C. Review the Sheet Properties > Performance tab to identify errors and issues with the sheet and/or objects
- D. Run a series of tests and use a timer to capture the time that the sheet takes to render each time it is opened

Answer: B