

Latest Version: 6.0

Question: 1

When you review performance data for a NetApp ONTAP cluster node, there are back-to-back (B2B) type consistency points (CPs) found occurring on the root aggregate.

In this scenario, how will performance of the client operations on the data aggregates be affected?

- A. During B2B processing, clients will be unable to write data.
- B. Data aggregates will not be affected by B2B processing on another aggregate.
- C. During B2B processing, all I/O to the node is stopped.
- D. During B2B processing, clients will be unable to read data.

Answer: B

Question: 2

Recently, a CIFS SVM was deployed and is working. The customer wants to use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) capability available in NetApp ONTAP to easily advertise both data UFs to their clients. Currently, DNS is only responding with one data LIF. DDNS is enabled on the domain controllers.

```
vserver      lif      data-protocol  is-dns-update-enabled
-----
svm1         cifs_01  nfs,cifs       true
svm1         cifs_02  cifs           true
svm1         mgmt     none           false
3 entries were displayed.
```

```
cluster1::*> vserver services dns dynamic-update show
Vserver      Is-Enabled  Use-Secure  Vserver FQDN      TTL
-----
svm1         false      false      svm1.demo.net    24h
```

Referring to the exhibit, which two actions should be performed to enable DDNS updates to work? (Choose two.)

- A. Disable the `-vserver-fqdn` parameter for the SVM DDNS services.
- B. Remove the NFS protocol from the `cifs_01` data LIF.
- C. Enable the `-use-secure` parameter for the SVM DDNS services.
- D. Enable the `-is-enabled` parameter for the SVM DDNS services

Answer: A, D

Question: 3

A customer is calling you to troubleshoot why users are unable to connect to their CIFS SVM.

```
ClusterB::*> storage disk show -broken
```

```
Original Owner: Node03  
Checksum Compatibility: block
```

Physical		Disk		Outage Reason		HA Shelf Bay /Slot		Drawer	Usable
Chan	Pool	Type	RPM	Size	Size				
1.0.2			failed	3b	0	2	-/-	B	
FAILED	BSAS	7200	1.62TB	1.62TB					

```
ClusterB::*> cluster ring show
```

Node	UnitName	Epoch	DB Epoch	DB Trnxs	Master	Online
Node03	mgmt	11	11	4875	Node04	secondary
Node03	v1db	0	11	358	-	offline
Node03	vifmgr	11	11	4892	Node04	secondary
Node03	bcomd	11	11	62	Node04	secondary
Node03	crs	11	11	6	Node04	secondary
Node04	mgmt	11	11	4875	Node04	master
Node04	v1db	0	11	358	-	offline
Node04	vifmgr	11	11	4892	Node04	master
Node04	bcomd	11	11	62	Node04	master
Node04	crs	11	11	6	Node04	master

```
10 entries were displayed.
```

```
ClusterB::*> system node run -node Node04 -command aggr status -r aggr2
```

```
Aggregate aggr2 (online, raid dp, degraded) (block checksums)
```

```
Plex /aggr2/plex0 (online, normal, active, pool0)
```

```
RAID group /aggr2/plex0/rg0 (degraded, block checksums)
```

RAID Disk Device	HA	SHELF	BAY	CHAN	Pool	Type	RPM	Used (MB/blks)	Phys
parity	FAILED							2538546/ -	
parity	3c.0.11	3c	0	11	SA:B	0	BSAS	7200	2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816									
data	3c.0.12	3c	0	12	SA:B	0	BSAS	7200	2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816									
data	3c.0.13	3c	0	13	SA:B	0	BSAS	7200	2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816									
data	3c.0.14	3c	0	14	SA:B	0	BSAS	7200	2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816									

Referring to the Information shown in the exhibit, what is the source of the problem?

- A. The v1db database is offline.
- B. The aggregate aggr2 has a failed disk.
- C. The databases on Node03 must be switched from secondary to master.
- D. The broken disk in Node03 is the source of the problem.

Answer: C

Question: 4

You have a customer who is concerned with high CPU and disk utilization on their SnapMirror destination system. They are worried about high CPU and disk usage without any user operations. In this situation, what should you tell the customer?

- A. Suggest that the customer manually cancel any scanners on the destination to reduce CPU usage.
- B. Explain that background tasks such as SnapMirror throttle up in the absence of user workload.
- C. Suggest that the customer throttle their SnapMirror relationships to reduce resource consumption.
- D. Explain that only user workload should use the CPU and Investigate further.

Answer: A

Question: 5

You are attempting to connect a NetApp ONTAP cluster to a very complex network that requires LIFs to fail over across subnets.

How would you accomplish this task?

- A. Configure an equal number of UFs on each subnet.
- B. Configure VIP LIFs using OSPF.
- C. Configure VIP LIFs using BGP.
- D. Configure a LIF failover policy for each subnet inside a single broadcast domain.

Answer: C