## Question: 1

Store $Y$ believe customer XF will not be able to pay his $£ 300$ debt. Which ONE of the following day books should this 'bad debt' be recorded in?
A. Returns inwards daybook
B. Sales daybook
C. journal
D. Cash book
E. Petty cash book

## Answer: C

## Question: 2

Which ONE of the following does the Statement of Cash Flows show:
A. The assets, equity and liabilities of a business
B. The revenue and expenses of a business over a period of time
C. The cash usage of a business over a period of time
D. Notes to go with the statements that explain the practices used

## Answer: C

## Question: 3

Company P are looking to create a balance sheet. Which of the following should be included in this document?
A. Company P's current assets
B. Company P's revenue for the period
C. Company P's cash usage for the period
D. Company P's liabilities
E. Company P's investing activities

## Answer: A, D

## Question: 4

An accountant is taking on financial accounting responsibilities for company PQ. Which TWO of the
following are NOT true of financial accounting?
A. It's purpose is to provide financial information to an external source
B. It's purpose is to provide information for internal use
C. Performed without adherence to standard accounting rules
D. Performed in accordance with legal requirements

## Answer: B, C

## Question: 5

DRAG DROP
CDE, an entity registered for sales tax, purchases a piece of equipment for cash on 31 December 20X6 for $\$ 30,000$ including sales tax. The sales tax rate is $20 \%$. What is the journal entry required to record this transaction in the nominal ledger?
Place the labels in the corresponding position in the table below:

| DR/CR | Account | $\$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non current asser |  |
|  | Sales tax |  |
|  | Bank | 30,000 |



## Answer:

| DR/CR | Account | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dr | Non current asser | 25,000 |
| Dr | Sales tax | 5,000 |
| Cr | Bank | 30,000 |

## Question: 6

Entity HJ is a small business. In the period. Entity Hj earned revenue of $£ 24,300$, had opening inventories of $£ 1,500$ and closing inventories of $£ 8,000$. Purchases came to $£ 13,200$. What was Entity Hj's gross profit or loss for this period?
A. $£ 17,600$ profit
B. $£ 6,700$ loss
C. $£ 17,600$ loss
D. $£ 6,700$ profit
E. $£ 31,000$ profit

## Answer: A

## Question: 7

Entity V has a cost of sales of $£ 23,850$ for last year. Entity V's opening inventories for the year were $£ 15,800$, and its closing inventories were $£ 3,570$. Entity $V$ had a gross profit margin of $240 \%$ for last year.
What was Entity V's inventories turnover figure to the nearest whole number for last year?
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
D. 3

## Answer: A

## Question: 8

Select the THREE INCORRECT statements from the following list of statements about memorandum accounts:
A. A memorandum ledger is an account that is not part of the bookkeeping system as a whole
B. All transactions in a memorandum account have to be balanced with a corresponding entry in the nominal ledger
C. A memorandum account is part of the nominal ledger
D. A memorandum account is a daybook

Answer: B, C, D

## Question: 9

The concept of stewardship refers to which ONE of the following?
A. An accountant's responsibility to remain optimistic in the presenting financial information
B. An accountant's responsibility to properly look after and present financial information
C. An accountant's responsibility to properly advise management on financial information
D. An accountant's responsibility to make sure all financial information is correct

## Answer: B

## Question: 10

JW's debits total $£ 10,502$ for this period. JW's credits total $£ 8,940$.
What amount does JW's accountant need to include in the company's suspense account to make the transactions balance?
A. $£ 1,562 \mathrm{CR}$
B. $£ 1,562$ DR
C. $£ 10,502 \mathrm{CR}$
D. $£ 8,940$ DR

## Answer: A

