

## *C Institute*

*CPA-21-02*

*CPA - C++ Certified Associate Programmer Exam*

- **Up to Date products, reliable and verified.**
- **Questions and Answers in PDF Format.**

### **Full Version Features:**

- **90 Days Free Updates**
- **30 Days Money Back Guarantee**
- **Instant Download Once Purchased**
- **24 Hours Live Chat Support**

### **For More Information:**

**<https://www.testsexpert.com/>**

- **Product Version**

---

# Latest Version: 6.0

## Question: 1

What will the variable "age" be in class B?

```
class A {  
    int x;  
    protected:  
    int y;  
    public:  
    int age;  
    A () { age=5; };  
};  
class B : public A {  
    string name;  
    public:  
    B () { name="Bob"; };  
    void Print() {  
        cout << name << age;  
    }  
};
```

- A. public
- B. private
- C. protected
- D. None of these

<b>Answer: A</b>
------------------

## Question: 2

What happens when you attempt to compile and run the following code?

```
#include <iostream>  
#include <string>  
using namespace std;  
class complex{  
    double re, im;  
    public:  
    complex() : re(1),im(0.4) {}  
    complex operator?(complex &t);  
    void Print() { cout << re << " " << im; }  
};  
complex complex::operator? (complex &t){
```

```
complex temp;  
temp.re = this?>re ? t.re;  
temp.im = this?>im ? t.im;  
return temp;  
}  
int main(){  
    complex c1,c2,c3;  
    c3 = c1 ? c2;  
    c3.Print();  
}
```

- A. It prints: 1 0.4
- B. It prints: 2 0.8
- C. It prints: 0 0
- D. It prints: 1 0.8

**Answer: C**

### Question: 3

What happens when you attempt to compile and run the following code?

```
#include <iostream>  
using namespace std;  
class complex{  
    double re;  
    double im;  
public:  
    complex() : re(0),im(0) {}  
    complex(double x) { re=x,im=x;};  
    complex(double x,double y) { re=x,im=y;}  
    void print() { cout << re << " " << im;}  
};  
int main(){  
    complex c1;  
    c1 = 3.0;  
    c1.print();  
    return 0;  
}
```

- A. It prints: 0 0
- B. It prints: 1 1
- C. It prints: 3 3
- D. Compilation error

**Answer: C**

---

### Question: 4

What happens when you attempt to compile and run the following code?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void fun(int);
int main()
{
    int a=0;
    fun(a);
    return 0;
}
void fun(int n)
{
    if(n < 2)
    {
        fun(++n);
        cout << n;
    }
}
```

- A. It prints: 21
- B. It prints: 012
- C. It prints: 0
- D. None of these

<b>Answer: A</b>
------------------

### Question: 5

What happens when you attempt to compile and run the following code?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int s(int n);
int main()
{
    int a;
    a = 3;
    cout << s(a);
    return 0;
}
int s(int n)
{
```

---

```
if(n == 0) return 1;  
return s(n?1)*n;  
}
```

- A. It prints: 4
- B. It prints: 6
- C. It prints: 3
- D. It prints: 0

<b>Answer: B</b>
------------------

---

For More Information – Visit link below:  
<https://www.testsexpert.com/>

16\$ Discount Coupon: **9M2GK4NW**

## Features:

■ Money Back Guarantee.....



■ 100% Course Coverage.....



■ 90 Days Free Updates.....



■ Instant Email Delivery after Order.....

